5-HT$_{1A}$ receptor agonism in the basolateral amygdala increases mutual-reward choices in rats
Scientific Reports

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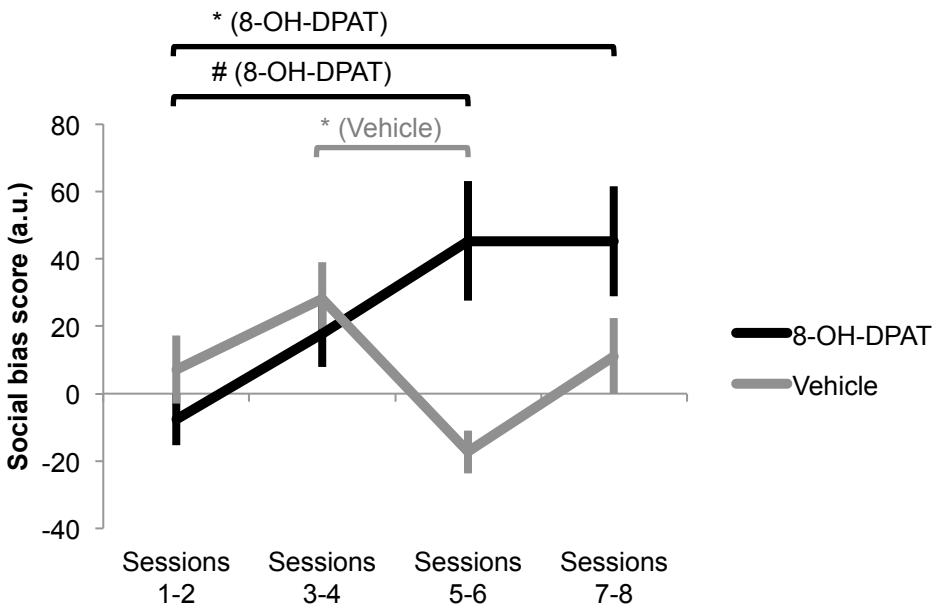

Supplementary Figure S1
Social bias scores of the group receiving 8-OH-DPAT injections and the vehicle group plotted over pairs of sessions. In the 8-OH-DPAT group, social bias scores linearly increase during the first sessions and reach a plateau at the last four sessions, indicating an increase in the number of both-reward choices in the partner condition compared to the toy condition. On the contrary, social bias cores in the vehicle group fluctuate around zero, indicating equal amounts of BR-choices in the partner and in the toy condition.
* $p < .05$; # $p > .05$ and $p < .07$

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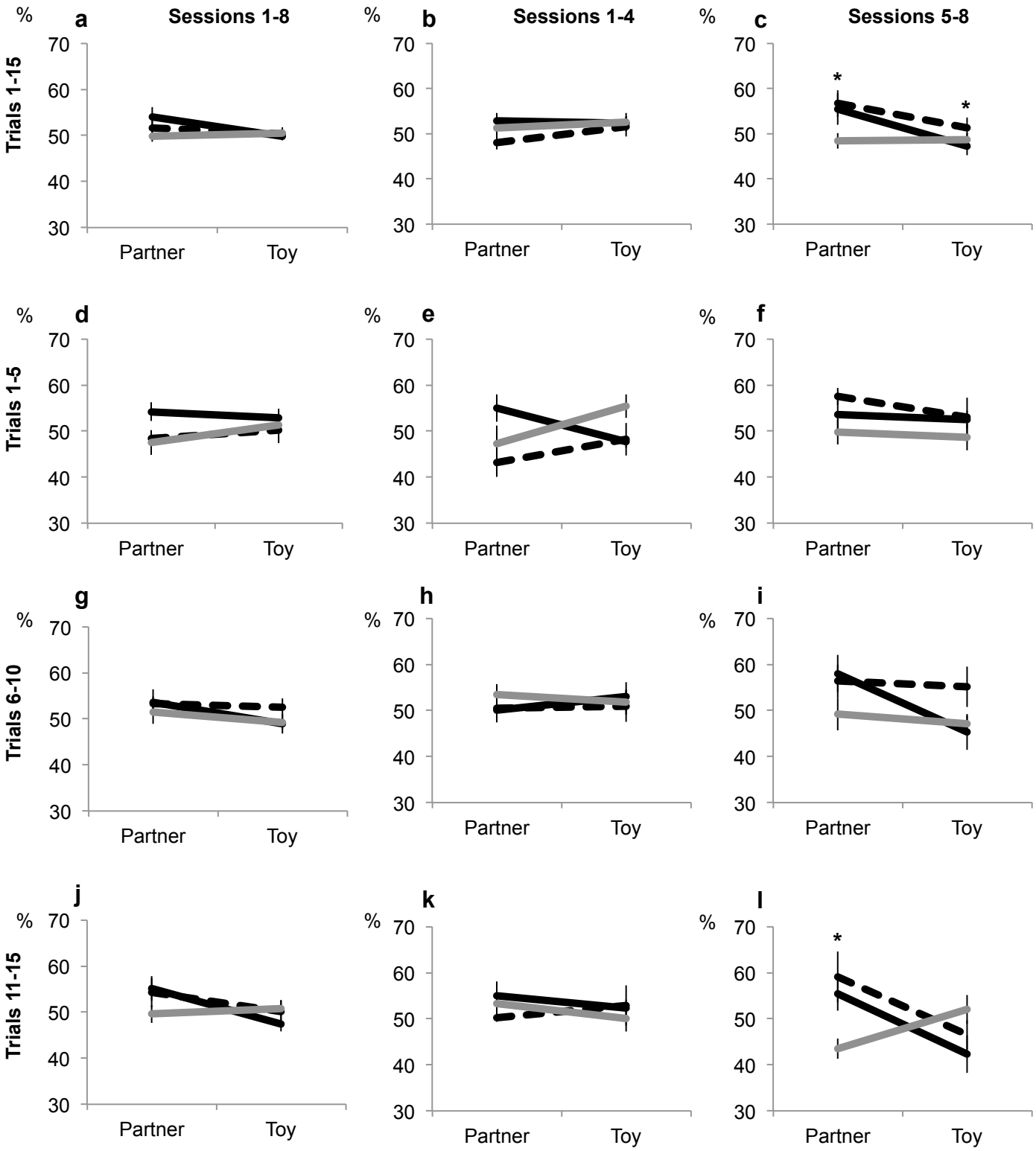

Supplementary Figure S2
All combinations of sessions and trial blocks. * p< .05

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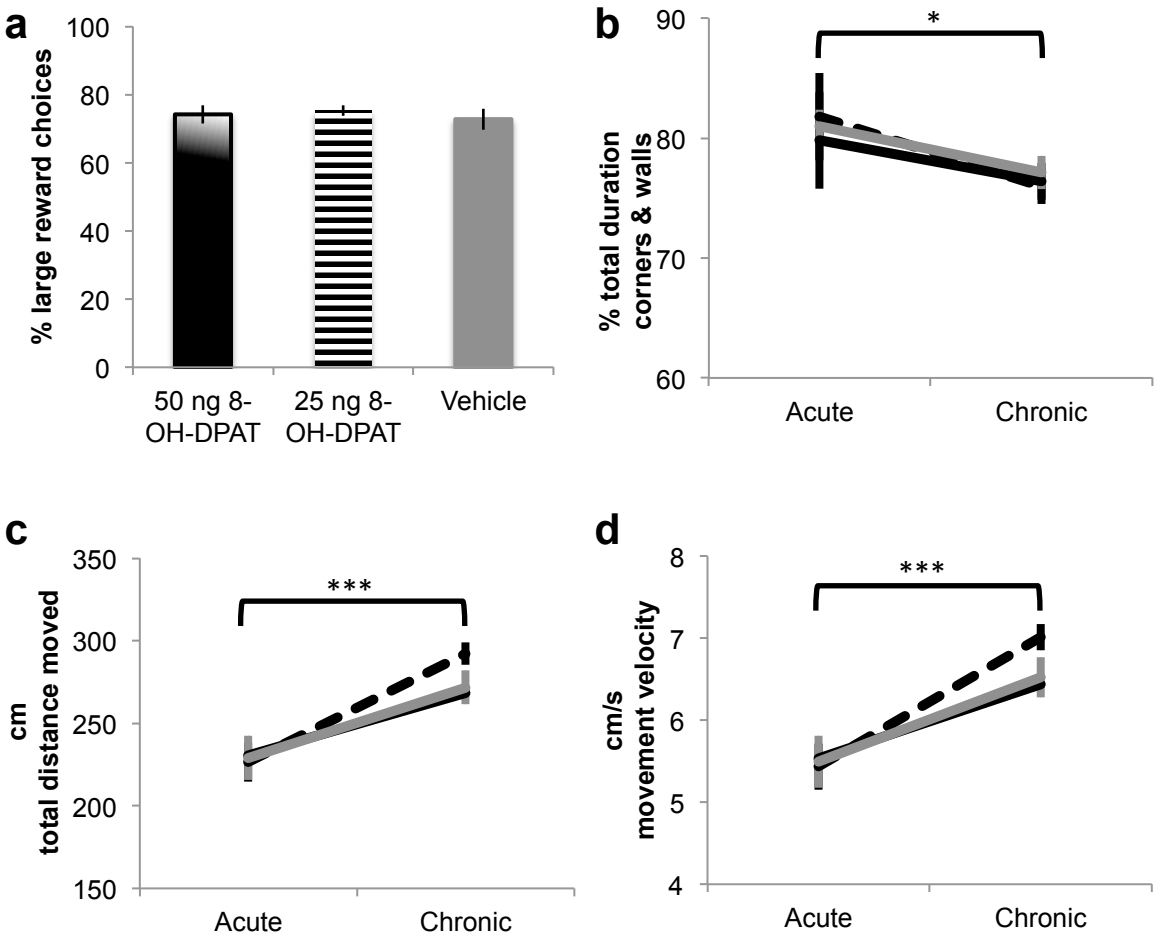

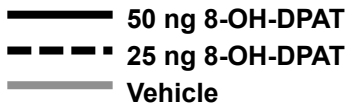

Supplementary Figure S3
Treatment with the 5-HT$_{1A}$ receptor agonist 8-OH-DPAT did not affect reward learning, behavioral flexibility, anxiety and locomotion.
* $p < .05$; *** $p < .001$